

# Conjunctive Queries for a Tractable Fragment of OWL 1.1

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Presentation for the *ISWC 2007 paper of the same title* ([link](#))

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Current developments in the OWL-world:

- **Conjunctive queries**

*hasBrother(x, y), Professor(y),*

*hasCoauthor(x, y), hasCoauthor(y, Erdős)*

~→ “SPARQL for OWL”

Current developments in the OWL-world:

- **Conjunctive queries**

$hasBrother(x, y), Professor(y),$

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~> “SPARQL for OWL”

- **Complex role inclusion axioms**

$hasParent \circ hasBrother \sqsubseteq hasUncle$

~> **RBox** in addition to TBox, ABox



# Conjunctive Queries in OWL

Conjunctive querying for DL knowledge bases can be hard:

- Conjunctive queries for *SHIQ*: **2-EXPTIME-complete**  
[Glimm et al. IJCAI-07, Lutz DL-07]
- Conjunctive queries for *SHOIQ* (OWL DL): **open**

~> focus on relevant sub-problem:

query answering with complex role inclusion axioms

# Conjunctive Queries in OWL

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~> focus on relevant sub-problem:

query answering with complex role inclusion axioms

## The description logic $\mathcal{EL}^{++}$

- TBox-operators:  $\sqcap, \exists, \top, \perp, \{a\}$  (nominals)
- complex role inclusion axioms (RBox)

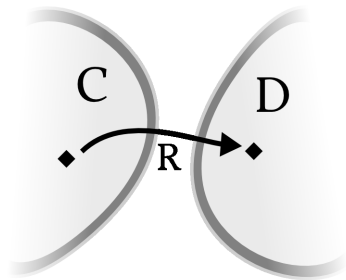
~> polynomial time reasoning possible

# A simple $\mathcal{EL}^{++}$ example

$C \sqsubseteq \exists R.D$

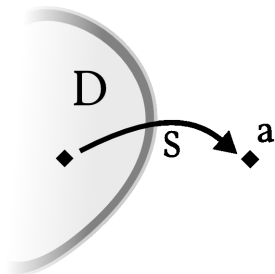
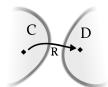
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# A simple $\mathcal{EL}^{++}$ example

$C \sqsubseteq \exists R.D$      $D \sqsubseteq \exists S.\{a\}$

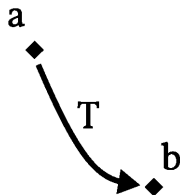
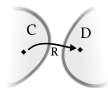


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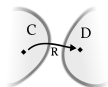
$D \sqsubseteq \exists S.\{a\}$

$\{a\} \sqsubseteq \exists T.\{b\}$



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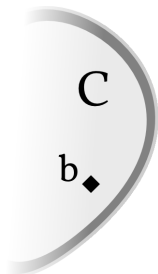
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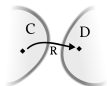


$\{b\} \sqsubseteq C$



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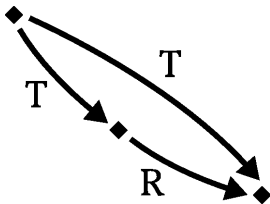
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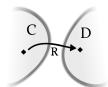


$T \circ R \sqsubseteq T$



# Reasoning with automata

$$C \sqsubseteq \exists R.D$$



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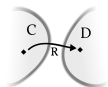


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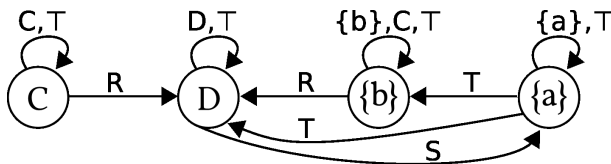
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Reasoning can be captured within automata:



# Reasoning with automata

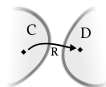
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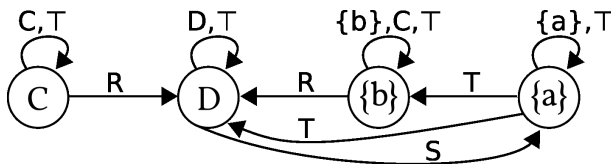
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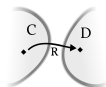


Example: start state  $\{b\}$ , end state  $D$

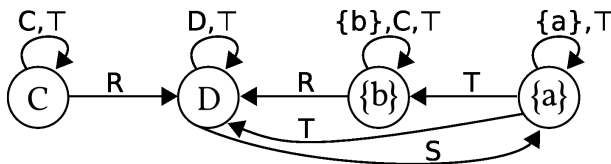
- “RD”
- “CRD”
- “RSTR”

# Reasoning with automata

$$C \sqsubseteq \exists R.D \quad D \sqsubseteq \exists S.\{a\} \quad \{a\} \sqsubseteq \exists T.\{b\} \quad \{b\} \sqsubseteq C \quad T \circ R \sqsubseteq T$$



Reasoning can be captured within automata:



Example: start state  $\{b\}$ , end state  $D$

- “RD”  $\mapsto \{b\} \sqsubseteq \exists R.D$
- “CRD”
- “RSTR”

# Reasoning with automata

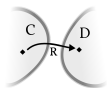
$$C \sqsubseteq \exists R.D$$

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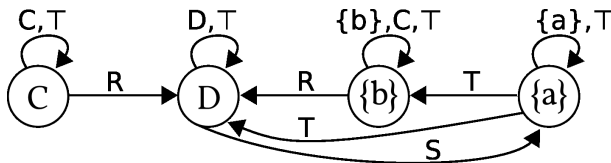
$$\{a\} \sqsubseteq \exists T.\{b\}$$

$$\{b\} \sqsubseteq C$$

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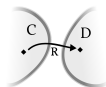


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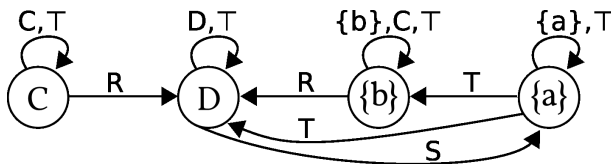
- “RD”  $\mapsto \{b\} \sqsubseteq \exists R.D$
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- “RSTR”

# Reasoning with automata

$$C \sqsubseteq \exists R.D \quad D \sqsubseteq \exists S.\{a\} \quad \{a\} \sqsubseteq \exists T.\{b\} \quad \{b\} \sqsubseteq C \quad T \circ R \sqsubseteq T$$



Reasoning can be captured within automata:

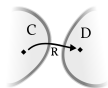


Example: start state  $\{b\}$ , end state  $D$

- “RD”  $\mapsto \{b\} \sqsubseteq \exists R.D$
- “CRD”  $\mapsto \{b\} \sqsubseteq C \sqcap \exists R.D$
- “RSTR”  $\mapsto \{b\} \sqsubseteq \exists R.\exists S.\exists T.\exists R.T$

# Query answering – Part 1

$C \sqsubseteq \exists R.D$



$D \sqsubseteq \exists S.\{a\}$



$\{a\} \sqsubseteq \exists T.\{b\}$



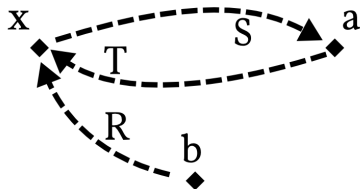
$\{b\} \sqsubseteq C$



$T \circ R \sqsubseteq T$

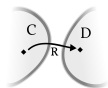


Example query:  $S(x, a), T(a, x), R(b, x)$



# Query answering – Part 1

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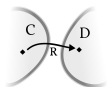
**x** ♦

**a** ♦

**b** ♦

# Query answering – Part 1

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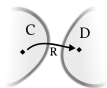
**x:D**  
◆

**a**  
◆

**b**  
◆

# Query answering – Part 1

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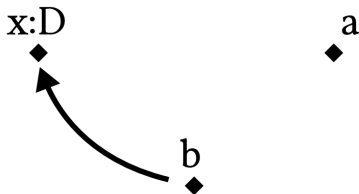
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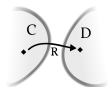
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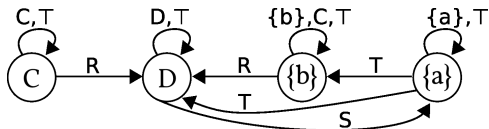


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$x:D$

$a$

$b$



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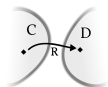
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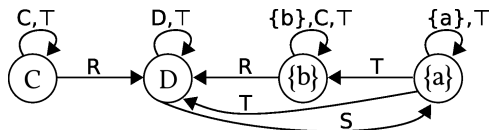
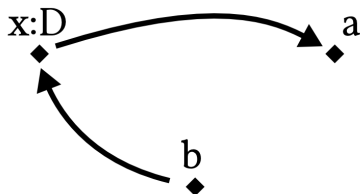
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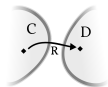
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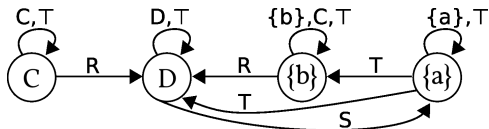
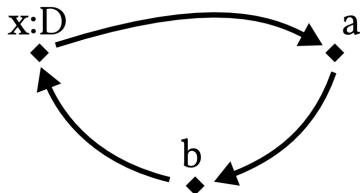
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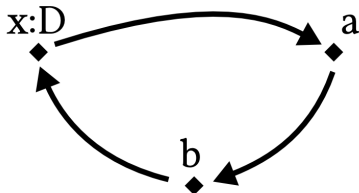


Example query:  $S(x, a), T(a, x), R(b, x)$



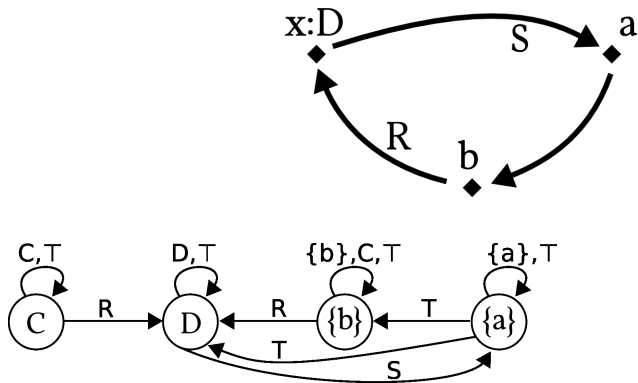
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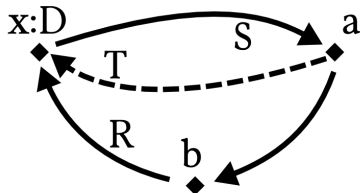
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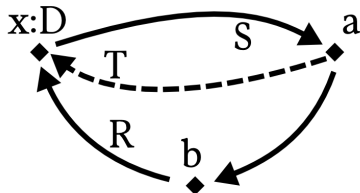
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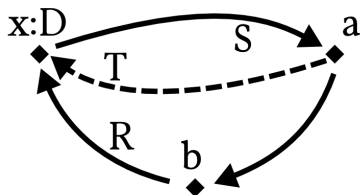


How can we show that  $T(a, x)$ ?

Use RBox:  $T \circ R \sqsubseteq T$

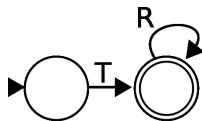
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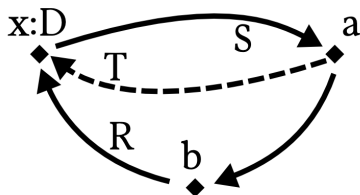
How can we show that  $T(a, x)$ ?

Use RBox:  $T \circ R \sqsubseteq T \quad \leadsto$  use an automaton:



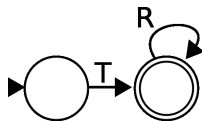
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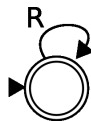
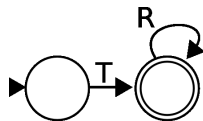


How can we show that  $T(a, x)$ ?

Use RBox:  $T \circ R \sqsubseteq T \rightsquigarrow$  use an automaton:

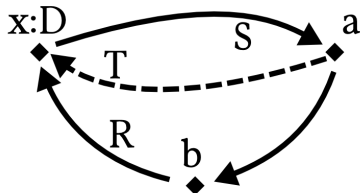


... and **split** it:

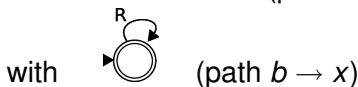
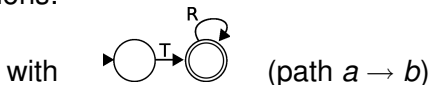
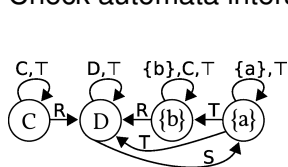


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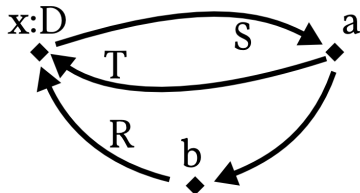


Check automata intersections:

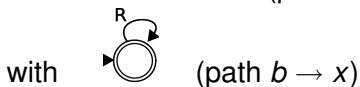
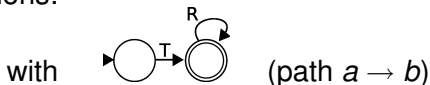
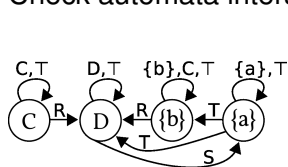


## Query answering – Part 2

We still need to check the role statements  $S(x, a)$ ,  $R(b, x)$ ,  $T(a, x)$ .



Check automata intersections:





# Summary



## Algorithm summary:

- 1 Factorise query (*not in example*)
- 2 Guess node labels (classes) and generation paths
- 3 Check guesses via automaton
- 4 Guess complex role decompositions (split automaton)
- 5 Check guesses via automata intersection

Does this decide queries for  $\mathcal{EL}^{++}$ ? – Alas, no:

**Conjunctive querying in  $\mathcal{EL}^{++}$  is undecidable!**

Restriction of RBox is required:  $\mathcal{EL}^{++} \cap \mathcal{SROIQ} \mapsto \mathcal{ELRO}$

$\rightsquigarrow$  decision procedure for queries in  $\mathcal{ELRO}$

# Results

	Variable parts:				Complexity
	Query	R	T	A	
Combined complexity	●	●	●	●	PSPACE-complete
Query complexity	●				NP-complete
Schema complexity		●	●	●	PTIME-complete
Data complexity				●	PTIME-complete

“Conjunctive querying in presence of complex role inclusion axioms is decidable – but hard even for tractable logics.”

## What's next?

- *SROQ* and *SRIQ*.
- Devise implementation strategies/goal-directed approaches.